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Citizens rally against floodplain fill

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The Macon County Planning Board has just begun their review of the county's Flood Ordinance, but area citizens and groups are already expressing their opposition to an amendment being considered to the document that would allow fill in the floodplain.

Local farmer Joe Deal, who farms about 458-acres in the Cullasaja community, told planning board members in public comment session last Thursday that from a farmer's standpoint, allowing fill in the floodplain will have some detrimental effects.

"As a local producer, much of our most productive farmland in the county is in our floodplains," said Deal, noting that roughly half of his farmland lies in the floodplain. "If a neighbor downstream fills in, and we get a flood event, it's going to back the water up higher on our property. If we're downstream from that, that velocity is going to be greater, the erosion potential for that will be greater downstream."

"I'm speaking today as a stakeholder in all of this," added Deal who serves as Macon County Farm Bureau president. "These floodplain areas are my livelihood. The majority of our operation consists of growing food in the floodplains."

Macon Watershed Council chairman Barry Clinton, a retired staff scientist and ecologist with Coweeta Hydrologic Lab, who as a council member helped draft the Flood Ordinance, voiced his support for the current or-

See Ordinance on page IOA



Press photo/Rachel Hoskins

Several citizens voiced their concerns at a March 21 planning board meeting over consideration of a possible revision to the Flood Ordinance that would allow fill in the floodplain. Concerns included greater flooding downstream from a fill area.

Ordinance: More floodplain data needed continued from IA and the water diverted will on the property where fill is

increase flooding on neigh-

dinance and said its members would be glad to work with

the board and explain why they included the section on

prohibiting fill in the flood-

"The person filling the floodplain is placing other property owners at risk,"

Clinton said. "Not only personal injury—life, property damage. And part of the philosophy for developing this

plain.

was to minimize risk of property damage, personal injury, or loss of life. It can happen,

it has happened." Otto citizen Jason Love. who works with Coweeta Hydrologic Lab, expressed

his support for the current or-

dinance. "I feel the ordinance

does a fine job of common sense regulations to protect lives and property from floods," he said. "Floodplains function to store floodwater.

Filling in floodplains reduces the storage capacity which can lead to greater flooding Land Trust for the Little

downstream." Tennessee deputy director Sharon Taylor, who spoke on

behalf of the Franklin-based nonprofit conservation organization, submitted a letter to the board voicing support for the current Flood Ordi-

nance and the current floodplain filling restrictions. They requested that the ordinance not be weakened. "Fill in the floodplain and floodway causes flood water

to be diverted from the loca-

tion of such fill applications,

boring property across from or downstream of the fill," the letter states. "Some citizen or business, not the landowner filling his floodplain, will experience greater

depths." Planning board chairman Karl Gillespie asked Taylor for LTLT staff to come share their expertise with planners during the ordinance review

process, to which Taylor said

they would be amenable.

'In the county's best

interest?'

flooding and/or flood water

At the request of commissioners, planners are starting their review on a possi-

ty's Flood Ordinance. The proposed revision would examine allowing fill in the floodplain if certain requirements were met. FEMA allows fill to be placed in the floodplain, but

ble amendment to the coun-

not a floodway. A floodplain is defined as "any land area susceptible to being inundated by water

from any source." Some neighboring counties including Jackson and Haywood allow fill to be placed in the floodplain.

Planners discussed the potential pros and cons of the

proposed revision, noting that while permitting fill could benefit the property owners placing the fill, it could ad-

versely impact others' prop-

erty downstream and also

cause stream erosion issues

placed. "We need to find out if it's

in Macon County's best interests" (to allow fill in the floodplain) said planning

board member Lamar Sprinkle. "To answer the question,

'are we going to be better off

if we allow this?"" Commissioner liaison to the planning board Jimmy

Tate sought to dispel the

rumor that county commis-

sioners had already made up their mind on how to vote on the floodplain fill issue. "That

couldn't be further from the

truth," Tate said. The board agreed that they needed to gather information from several more

sources before making any decision. Planner Susan Ervin said she wanted to hear formally from Watershed Council members to help answer some of the questions the board has. County planner Matt

Mason was also asked to get

statements from the Farm Bureau, the Economic Development Commission and Jackson County planner Gerald Green, and to research how many parcels in Macon County are in the floodplain.

To view the county's current Flood Ordinance online visit the county website maconnc.org, and click on the "Your Government," head-